

Subject: Lok Sabha Un-starred Question Diary No. 1006 regarding "Free of Cost Electricity to Certain Sections".

Sr. No.	Lok Sabha Unstarred Question Dy. No. 1006	Reply
(a)	the names of the states where the electricity continues to be provided free of cost to certain sections of the community and the state-wise total drain out of expenditure on this head;	Electricity to any consumer category in the State of Haryana, is not provided free of cost.
(b)	whether the Government have advised these State for refraining from such a course; and	NA
(c)	if so, the details thereof and the reasons for not giving this benefit to all consumers?	NA

Subject: Lok Sabha Starred Question Dy. No. 1999 regarding "Power Tariff".

Sr. No.	Lok Sabha Provisional Starred Admitted Question Dy. No. 1999	Reply
(a)	the per unit average cost of power production from thermal, gas, hydro etc. based power projects along with criteria fixed for determining power tariff to be charged from various classified consumers including existing rate of power being charged from the said consumers in each State/UT of the country by private as well as Government power producing companies;	Power production from hydro and thermal in the state of Haryana, is owned by HPGCL. The fixed charge for FY 2014-15 is Rs. 20445.2 million and variable charge is Rs. 2.97/unit for the energy generated by HPGCL. The CLP is the private power producing company having its plant at Jhajjar and the average cost of power from the plant is Rs. 4.20/unit. In case of HPGCL, the tariff is determined in accordance with the HERC MYT Regulations, 2012. In case of CPL, the power plant was setup under Case-II bidding and the tariff was adopted by the Commission as per Section 63 of the Electricity Act, 2003.
(b)	the details of profits earned by each private and Government power companies during the twelfth Plan period, State/UT/year-wise;	HPGCL has not earned any profit. The Profit and Loss Account of CLP is not available with the Commission.
(c)	whether tariff fixed/charged in the country by these power produce particularly private companies is much higher than that of any other developing/developed countries and if so, the details thereof and the reasons therefore; and	NA
(d)	the remedial steps taken/to be taken by the Government to reduce power tariff in the country along with action plan chalked out for production of power in the next Plan?	Relates to Government.

Subject: Lok Sabha Provisional Un-starred Question Diary No. 3699 for 05.03.2015 regarding "Modernization and Restructuring of SEBs".

Sr. No.	Lok Sabha Unstarred Question Dy. No. 3699	Reply
(a)	Whether it is necessary to check the losses being incurred by the power distributors in the State as a part of the reforms in the power sector	Yes.
(b)	If so, the reaction of the Govt. in this regard.	Relates to State Government.
(c)	Whether this loss is solely due to the transmission and distribution losses and if so, the details thereof	Transmission and distribution losses also include commercial losses in the distribution system on account of theft, pilferage etc. being higher than the normative losses, is one of the reason for financial losses to the utility. Besides this there are other reasons like actual expenses of the Utility being more than that approved by the regulator based on norms as provided in the relevant Regulations which adds to the financial losses.
(d)	Whether the Govt. has estimated the profit that can be earned by the power distribution by bringing this loss at par with the manner in which it is likely to be done?	Relates to State Government.

Subject: Draft Material for Answering Lok Sabha Provisional Starred Question Diary No. 10817 for 12.03.2015 regarding “Irregularities by Power Companies”

Sr. No.	Lok Sabha Starred Question Dy. No. 10817	Reply
(a)	The details of the Penal provisions contained in the Electricity Act, 2003 in respect of violation of terms of the Electricity Act, State Acts, Regulators and terms of contracts of the licensee by the power distributing companies.?	The Sections of the Electricity Act, 2003 which relates to the Penal provisions are:- 1. Section 19 (Revocation of licence) 2. Section 24. (Suspension of distribution licence and sale of utility) 3. Sections 29(6) 43(3), 57 (2) & 65(5) 4. Section 33 (Compliance of directions) 5. Part XIV (Offences and Penalties) Section 135 to 152 of the Act, 6. Section 170. (Recovery of penalty payable under this Act)
(b)	Whether instances of violations laid down norms in the over distribution of companies has been brought down to the notice of the Govt.?	Relates to Government.
(c)	If so, the details thereof along with action taken against them, company -wise?	Relates to Government.
(d)	Steps being taken by the Govt. to ensure that there is no violation of norms including appointing of Central agency to monitor the functioning of private Discoms distributing power under the Electricity Act, 2003?	Relates to Government.
(e)	Whether the Govt. has conducted any inquiry at its level or has left it to the State Govts. If so, the details thereof?	Relates to Government.

Subject: Draft Material for Answering Lok Sabha Provisional Starred Question Diary No. 10817 for 12.03.2015 regarding “Irregularities by Power Companies”

Sr. No.	Lok Sabha Unstarred Question Dy. No. 10818	Reply
(a)	Whether constitution of power distribution companies across the country has been completed.	Yes, constitution of power distribution companies in the State of Haryana has been completed.
(b)	If so details of the operating companies, State-wise	The operating distribution companies in the State of Haryana are:- i) Uttar Haryana Bijli Vitran Nigam (UHBVN). ii) Dakshin Haryana Bijli Vitran Nigam (DHBVN).
(c)	Whether the Government has carried out any audit on these discoms and if so, the details of the same including the irregularities detected discoms-wise;	Relates to Government.
(d)	Whether the Government is also funding these discoms with additional funds and if so, the details year-wise, discom-wise; and	Relates to Government.
(e)	What action is proposed where there is significant discrepancies including higher charges with the conduct of the discoms in details?	Relates to Government.

Subject: Draft Material for Lok Sabha Question DY. No. 21433 for Reply on 23.04.2015 regarding "Provision of Cancellation of Discom under Electricity Act, 2003".

Sr. No.	Lok Sabha Question Dy. No. 21433	Reply
(a)	Whether there is any provision to cancel the licenses of private power distribution companies in Central Electricity Act, 2003	There is no private power distribution company in the State of Haryana. However, Section 19 of the Electricity Act, 2003 relates to revocation of the license.
(b)	If so, the details thereof including the details of private power distribution companies whose licenses have been cancelled during the last three years, along with the reasons therefor;	NA
(c)	Whether it is a fact that these provisions have not been implemented in appropriate manner by State Govt.	Relates to the State Government.
(d)	If so, the details thereof and the corrective steps taken by the Govt. in this regard.	NA

Subject: Lok Sabha Question Dy. No. 15366 for reply on 30.04.2015 regarding "Power Tariff".

Sr. No.	Lok Sabha Question Dy. No. 15366	Reply
(a)	Whether the Government has taken cognizance of increase in power tariffs by several Discoms in the country and impact of such hike on the poor people particularly on tribals in the country; and	Relates to State Govt.
(b)	If so, the reaction of the Government thereon along with the steps taken by the Government to control the increase in power tariff?	Relates to State Govt.

Subject: Lok Sabha Starred Question No. 590 for reply on 07.05.2015 regarding Power Tariff.

Sr. No.	Lok Sabha Question No. 590	Reply
(a)	Whether there is a wide gap in consumption of electricity during peak and non-peak hours and if so, the details thereof;	Yes, details for the State of Haryana as provided by the Discoms for FY 2014-15 is attached.
(b)	The steps taken by the Government to disincentives power consumption during peak hours;	The consumption during peak load hours by the consumers is subject to levy of additional charge (Peak Load Exemption Charge on HT Industries) which restrict the drawl during peak load hours and contains the demand (MW) in the manageable limits.
(c)	Whether the Government proposes to rationalize/replace the existing tariffs structure and encourage non-peaking consumption and if so, the details and status thereof; and	The Commission has directed the Discoms to examine all the aspects relating to TOD so that the feasibility of the same could be assessed. The Commission will consider the same as and when the same is submitted by the Discoms.
(d)	The time by which new power tariff structure is likely to be implemented?	The Commission will consider the implementation of TOD tariff as and when the same is submitted by the Discoms after following the due procedures.

Subject: Lok Sabha Admitted Un-Starred Question Dy. No. 8068 for answer on 06.08.2015.

Sr. No.	Lok Sabha Question No. 8068	Reply
(a)	Whether the Government has reviewed performance of private power distribution companies;	There is no private power distribution company in the State of Haryana.
(b)	If so, the details thereof; and	N.A
(c)	The steps taken by the Government to check exploration of the consumers by these companies.	N.A

Subject: Lok Sabha Provisional Admitted starred/un-Starred Question Dy. No. 8556 for answer on 13.08.2015 regarding "Compensation for power cut".

Sr. No.	Lok Sabha Question No. 8556	Reply				
(a)	Whether there is any provision making power distribution companies liable to pay compensation in case of power cuts ; and	Yes, there is provision in HERC (Standard of Performance for Distribution Licenses) Regulations, 2004 to pay compensation.				
(b)	If so, the details thereof ?	Sr. No	Nature of Service	Standard (indicating Maximum time limit for rendering service)	Amount of Compensation payable to affected consumer	
		1	Major Power Failure involving Power Transformer / Equipment etc.	Cities and Towns Rural Area	Within 7 days. Alternate arrangement, to restore the supply to the affected area, to be made within 24 hrs.	Rs. 100 per day or part thereof to each affected consumer subject to a maximum of Rs 3000/-
		2	Period of Load Shedding	Not to exceed 4 hrs. per day continuously for 4 days	Normal supply to be restored within 72 hrs.	Rs. 100 per day or part thereof to each affected consumer subject to a maximum of Rs 3000/-
		3	Period of Scheduled outages	Maximum duration at a stretch Restoration of supply	Not to exceed 8 hours on any day by 6 PM on any day	Consumers to be informed, at least, 24 hours in advance. Rs. 200 to each affected consumer

Subject: Lok Sabha Question Dy. No. 15849 for reply on 17.12.2015 regarding 'Power Purchase Agreement'.

Sr. No.	Lok Sabha Question No. 15849	Reply
(a)	Whether the States have entered into a long term power purchase agreement with the power distribution companies and if so the detail thereof, State/UT-wise per unit cost;	The State Government has not entered into any long term Power Purchase Agreements with the two Distribution Company in the State of Haryana.
(b)	Whether the consumer are facing the burden of higher electricity rates due to the said agreement and if so, the detail; thereof and if not, the reason thereof?	NA.